Paper 1

**Mock Exam Paper (2011)** 

Time allowed:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours

This paper must be answered in English.

# **Instructions:**

- There are two sections in this paper: Section A (60%) and Section B (40%). Answer all questions.
- You should mark only one answer for each multiple choice question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive no marks for that question. No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

# SECTION A

Answer ALL questions in this section. Each question carries 2 marks
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Agric	culture is classified as					
A.	Primary production					
В.	Secondary production					
C.	Tertiary production					
D.	None of the above					
Whic	ch of the following is/are internation	onal trade o	organisa	tions?		
A.	World Trade Organisation					
В.	International Monetary Fund					
C.	World Bank					
D.	All of the above					
Whic	ch of the following is not a function	n of account	ting?			
A.	To provide management with info	ormation fo	r decisio	on-making		
В.	To report the financial performan	ice and posi	ition of a	a business		
C.	To determine employee pay adjus	stments				
	To record the transactions undert					
	nt was the bank account balance br	ought dowr Ba	n on 1 F	ebruary 2012?		
	at was the bank account balance bro	ought dowr	n on 1 F	ebruary 2012?	ent	\$ 17,220
Wha	nt was the bank account balance bro	ought down Ba \$	n on 1 Fo ank 2012 Jan "	ebruary 2012?	ent	
Wha 2012 Jan	at was the bank account balance brooks 2 5 Capital	ought dowr Ba \$ 57,000	n on 1 Formank  2012  Jan  "	ebruary 2012? 10 Office equipme 15 Rent	ent	17,220 24,500
Wha 2012 Jan	at was the bank account balance brooks 2 5 Capital	ought dowr Ba \$ 57,000	n on 1 Fo ank 2012 Jan "	ebruary 2012?  10 Office equipments Rent 28 Creditor	ent	17,220 24,500 1,800
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Wha  2012  Jan  "  A.  B.  C.  D.  Whice (i) (ii)	1st was the bank account balance brown  2  5 Capital 20 Loan from bank  \$25,480 Dr  \$25,480 Dr  \$48,480 Dr  \$48,480 Cr  ch of the following are advantages Low set-up costs Flexible operations	ought down Ba \$ 57,000 35,000	n on 1 Fr ank 2012 Jan " "	ebruary 2012?  10 Office equipme 15 Rent 28 Creditor 31 Salaries	ent	17,220 24,500 1,800
Wha  2012  Jan  "  A.  B.  C.  D.  Whice (i) (ii) (iii)	1st was the bank account balance brown  2	ought down Ba \$ 57,000 35,000	n on 1 Fr ank 2012 Jan " "	ebruary 2012?  10 Office equipme 15 Rent 28 Creditor 31 Salaries	ent	17,220 24,500 1,800
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	(i)	Shareholders of the firm	
	(ii)	The government	
	(iii)	CEO of the firm	
	A.	(ii) only	
	В.	(i) and (ii)	
	C.	(i) and (iii)	
	D.	All of the above	
8	\/\/hi	ch of the following accounts normally have credit balances?	
Ū	Α.	Assets, expenses and owner's capital	
	В.	Liabilities, revenue and owner's capital	
	С.	Assets, owner's capital and revenue	
	D.	Owner's drawings, liabilities and revenue	
9	a 15 days Qua	April 2012, Top Quality Co sold 295 units of goods on credit to a customer % trade discount. The customer would be entitled to a cash discount of 5% i. On 3 April 2012, the customer returned 25 defective units. The requir lity Co for the return would be:  **Dr** Accounts receivable \$5,000	if payment was made within 14
	A.		
	В.	Cr Returns outwards \$5,000	
	Б.	Dr Returns inwards \$4,250 Cr Accounts receivable \$4,250	
	C.	Dr Returns outwards \$4,250	
	C.		
	D.	Cr Accounts receivable \$4,250  Dr Returns outwards \$4,037.5	
	υ.	Cr Accounts receivable \$4,037.5	
10	Whi	ch of the following is a type of credit card?	
	A.	Octopus card	
	В.	ATM card	
	C.	Affinity card	
	D.	None of the above	
12	Auto	ocratic leadership is appropriate when	
	A.	workers are willing to take up additional job responsibilities.	
	В.	a quick decision is needed.	
	C.	the tasks require a high level of creativity such as scientific research.	
	D.	the decision cannot be carried out without support from workers.	

Which of the following are stakeholders of a firm?

13	Arra	nge the correct order for the following steps of management by o	objectives?	
	(i)	Developing an action plan		
	(ii)	Implementing the action plan		
	(iii)	Setting objectives		
	(iv)	Reviewing performance		
	Α.	$(i) \rightarrow (iii) \rightarrow (iv)$		
	В.	$(i) \rightarrow (iii) \rightarrow (iv) \rightarrow (ii)$		
		$(iii) \rightarrow (ii) \rightarrow (i) \rightarrow (iv)$		
	D.	$(iii) \rightarrow (i) \rightarrow (ii) \rightarrow (iv)$		
14	\\/hi	ch of the following transactions should not be recorded in the cas	th hook?	
17	(i)	Refunded \$1,500 by cheque to Henry Cho who overpaid.	in book:	
	(ii)		a trade discount of 1	00/
		Bought machinery on credit from Elegant Ltd for \$50,000, less	a trade discount of 1	U70.
	(iii)	Paid rates of \$18,900 in cash.		
	(iv)	The owner took goods costing \$3,000 as gifts for her friends.		
	Α.	(i) and (ii)		
	В.	(i) and (iii)		
	C.	(ii) and (iii)		
	D.	(ii) and (iv)		
16	Fina	ncial management is a business function of		
	A.	acquiring funds.		
	В.	using funds.		
	C.	managing funds.		
	D.	All of the above		
19	The	following journal is extracted from the books of Davidson & Co, a	health food wholesa	ıler:
		The Journal		
		Details	Dr	Cr
	(:)	Hanast Office Favings at 144	\$	\$
	(i)	Honest Office Equipment Ltd Office equipment	23,800	23,800
	(ii)	Drawings	7,200	23,000
		Purchases		7,200
	(iii)	Rent and rates	36,000	26.600
	(iv)	Bank Jason Fung	6,000	36,000
	( · · /	1 Justin i will	0,000	l

An error was made in the recording of the above transactions. Which of the above entries is incorrect and in which book of original entry should that transaction be recorded?

6,000

A.	(i); purchases return	journal
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Furniture and fittings

B. (ii); purchases journal

C. (iii); cash book

D. (iv); sales journal

20	The following information is extracted from		
		\$	
	Purchases	295,300	
	Discounts received	37,650	
	Discounts allowed	2,690	
	Commission revenue	12,750	
	Sales	479,680	
	Salaries and wages Accounts receivable	168,970 158,700	
	Accounts receivable Accounts payable	26,900	
	Bank loan	31,800	
	Cash	2,890	
	Inventory	19,450	
	What is the amount of capital?		
	A. \$59,220		
	B. \$84,720		
	C. \$53,440		
	D. \$113,020		
21	The following information is extracted from	the books of a firm as at the end	of the financial year:
		\$	
	Cash on hand	3,300	
	Bank overdraft	12,750	
	Accounts receivable	38,490	
	Accounts payable	124,050	
	Inventory	29,850	
	Furniture and fixtures Motor vehicles	32,600 170,440	
	Net profit for the year	23,500	
	Capital	114,380	
	As at the year end date, the firm had	,	
	A. net current assets of \$137,880.		
	B. net current assets of \$72,720.		
	C. net current liabilities of \$65,160.		
	D. net current liabilities of \$203,040.		
22	The following information is extracted from	the books of a firm:	
	Opening inventory	\$23,590	
	Closing inventory	\$32,900	
	Returns outwards	\$17,500	
	Returns inwards	\$21,350	
	Carriage inwards	\$13,200	
	Carriage outwards	\$22,580	
	Discounts allowed	\$6,810	
	Discounts received	\$3,860	
	Sales Gross profit ratio	\$327,850 20%	
	The purchases figure is		
	A. \$258,810.		
	B. \$280,160.		
	C. \$275,890.		
	D. \$254,540.		
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	(i)	Tourism
	(ii)	Manufacturing
	(iii)	Producer and professional services
	(iv)	Financial services
	(v)	Construction
	(vi)	Trading and logistics
	A.	(ii), (iii) and (v)
	В.	(i), (iii), (iv) and (vi)
	C.	(ii), (iv), (v) and (vi)
	D.	All of the above
25	Wh	ich of the following statements are incorrect?
	(i)	In a limited partnership, all partners have limited liability.
	(ii)	A private limited company must have at least two shareholders.
	(iii)	In Hong Kong, profits tax rate for partnerships is lower than that for limited companies.
	(iv)	A limited partnership is a legal entity.
	A.	(i) and (iv)
	В.	(iii) and (iv)
	C.	(i), (ii) and (iii)
	D.	(i), (ii) and (iv)
26	Acc	ording to the definition by the Trade and Industry Department, a small and medium enterprise in the
	mai	nufacturing sector is an enterprise which
	A.	employs fewer than 100 persons.
	В.	had a turnover of less than \$5 million per annum.
	C.	is not a limited company.
	D.	suffers a loss for more than two consecutive years.
27	State	e the accounting principle/concept that should be applied for each of the following events:
	(i)	The firm bought goods before the end of the financial year but was allowed to pay one month later.
	(ii)	The firm wanted to change the depreciation method to better reflect the usage of non-current assets.
	(iii)	The firm bought a factory unit for \$2 million and used it for production purposes. It has a current market
		value of \$3 million.
	(iv)	The firm suffered losses in the past two years. However, the owner continued to give it financial support
	A.	(i) going concern; (ii) consistency; (iii) historical cost; (iv) business entity
	В.	(i) accrual; (ii) consistency; (iii) historical cost; (iv) going concern
	C.	(i) accrual; (ii) going concern; (iii) historical cost; (iv) business entity
	D.	(i) accrual; (ii) historical cost; (iii) consistency; (iv) business entity

Which of the following are the 'Four Pillar Industries' of Hong Kong?

28	Mr	Mok works as an accountant and e	earns a relevant income of \$30,000 per month. Whic	h of the following
	stat	ements concerning his Mandatory	Provident Fund (MPF) scheme is true?	
	A.	It is possible for Mr Mok to witho	draw his money from the MPF scheme before reachi	ng the age of 65.
	В.	Mr Mok has to make a contributi	ion of \$1,500 to his MPF scheme each month.	
	C.		ve to make a contribution to Mr Mok's MPF scheme.	
	D.	• •	ed, he can choose not to join the MPF scheme.	
29	The	following information concerns th	ne business of Ivan Lau, a sole proprietorship, for the	e year ended 31
	Dec	ember 2012:		
			\$	
	Inve	ntory, 1 January 2012	12,500	
	Inve	ntory, 31 December 2012	18,100	
	Sale	S	285,300	
		chases	123,700	
		ırns inwards	3,200	
		iage inwards	7,200	
		iage outwards	11,300	
	-	rating expenses ital, 1 January 2012	57,400 170,800	
		ital contributed in 2012	22,000	
	•	wings of goods by the owner	4,700	
	Calc	ulate the gross profit ratio and the	return on capital employed.	
	A.	53.24%; 33.04%		
	В.	58.25%; 33.04%		
	C.	57.25%; 41.09%		
	D.	54.91%; 41.09%		
30	Ran	ık Δ offers an investment nlan to M	Iolly. If she invests \$50,000, she can gain \$20,000 at	the end of each year
		·	te of the plan is 5%. As Molly does not have enough	•
		,	,	,
	bor	row \$50,000 from Bank B. The loar	n has an annual interest rate of X% and requires full	repayment at the end
	of t	he third year (i.e., one instalment o	only). What is the highest value of X so that it is wort	thwhile for Molly to
	bor	row from Bank B?		
	A.	7		
	В.	8		
	C.	9		
	D.	10		

### **SECTION B**

Part 1 (20 marks) Answer ALL questions in this part.

- In response to environmentalists' concerns, the management of Vick, an international sportswear company, has decided to take measures to reduce the hazardous substances generated from its production process. However, this will mean that Vick's production costs are likely to increase.
  - (a) Give three reasons that account for Vick's decision to respond to the environmentalists' concerns.
  - (b) What is the meaning of a stakeholder? With reference to the above case, explain with two reasons why the community and society are regarded as important stakeholders for a company.

(6 marks)

- With reference to the principles of effective management, explain with two reasons whether large corporations or small family businesses are more likely to have difficulties with:
  - (a) division of labour
  - (b) unity of command

(6 marks)

3 The trial balance of Lance Kim's business as at 30 June 2012 is as follows:

Lance Kim
Trial Balance as at 30 June 2012

Iffal balance as at 30 June 2012			
	Dr	Cr	
	\$	\$	
Purchases and sales	585,970	1,221,160	
Carriage inwards	7,980		
Rent and rates	241,570		
Returns inwards and outwards	17,330	6,370	
Inventory, 1 July 2011	39,880		
Bank overdraft		48,910	
Salaries and wages	291,260		
Furniture and fittings	179,110		
Accounts receivable and payable	233,550	127,560	
Bank loan (repayable on 31 May 2013)		177,640	
Capital		68,630	
Bank interest	33,700		
Drawings	19,920		
	1,650,270	1,650,270	

Inventory as at 30 June 2012 was valued at \$28,900.

### You are required to prepare:

- (a) an income statement for the year ended 30 June 2012.
- (b) a balance sheet as at 30 June 2012.

(8 marks)

4 (A) State the effects of the following transactions on assets, liabilities, capital, revenue and expenses and the required entries:

	Transaction	Effects	Required entries
Exan	nple: The owner put in additional	Increase in assets	<i>Dr</i> Bank \$50,000
capit	al of \$50,000 by cheque.	Increase in capital	<i>Cr</i> Capital \$50,000
(i)	Paid rent of \$50,000 by cheque.		
(ii)	The owner paid \$35,000 to Trendy		
	Ltd, a creditor of the business.		
(iii)	Received \$7,000 cash from Alpha		
	Co for goods it purchased on credit		
	last month.		

(B) A list of accounting terms is provided below:

(i) Real account (vii) Balance sheet

(ii) General journal (viii) Returns outwards journal

(iii) Accrual concept (ix) Discounts allowed

(iv) Opening entries (x) Income statement

(v) Historical cost principle (xi) Trade discount

(vi) Acid test ratio (xii) Current ratio

### You are required to:

Choose an accounting term from (i) to (xii) above that best matches each of the definitions or descriptions below:

	Definition/Description	Accounting term
Exar	nple: The double entries needed to open a new set of accounting books.	iv
(a)	Revenues should be recognised when earned and expenses should be	
	recognised when incurred.	
(b)	A financial statement that reports the profit or loss made by a business	
	during an accounting period.	
(c)	An account whose balance will be carried forward to the next accounting	
	cycle and will appear in the balance sheet.	
(d)	A book of original entry which records returns of goods purchased on	
	credit.	
(e)	An accounting ratio which shows the liquidity of a business without	
	considering inventory.	
(f)	Reductions given to trade debtors who pay their accounts within the cash	
	discount period.	

(10 marks)

A newly opened electric appliance store has the following interest-free monthly instalment loan schemes in cooperation with Like Credit Card and Plus Credit Card.

	Like Credit Card	Plus Credit Card
Minimum loan amount	\$4,000	\$2,500
Repayment period	12/24 months	6/12/18 months

Suppose Tony has both a Like Credit Card and a Plus Credit Card. He wants to buy a tablet computer with instalment loans.

- (a) If the tablet computer costs \$3,500, which credit card should Tony use? Why?
- (b) If the tablet computer costs \$5,000, how can Tony benefit from using (i) Like Credit Card and (ii) Plus Credit Card?
- (c) Instead of using the instalment loans, Tony decides to buy the tablet computer with a ViVi Credit Card. With a ViVi Credit Card, Tony can purchase goods up to \$30,000 on credit. He just needs to sign a sales voucher. Upon receiving the statement issued by the issuing bank, Tony can decide whether to pay the balance in full. Interest will be charged on any unpaid balances.
  - (i) How does the loan offered by a ViVi Credit Card differ from that of the above instalment loan schemes? Explain.
  - (ii) List one advantage and one disadvantage of using credit cards.

(10 marks)

## **END OF PAPER 1**